



### **1.5A 2MHz 5.5V Synchronous Buck Converter**

### **1** Description

The LYF98001 is a high-efficiency, DC-to-DC step-down switching regulators, capable of delivering up to 1.5A of output current. The device operates from an input voltage range of 2.6V to 5.5V and provides an output voltage from 0.6V to VIN. Working at a fixed frequency of 2MHz allows the use of small external components, such as ceramic input and output caps, as well as small inductors, while still providing low output ripples. This low noise output along with its excellent efficiency achieved by the internal synchronous rectifier, making LYF98001 an ideal replacement for large power consuming linear regulators. Internal soft-start control circuitry reduces inrush current. Short-circuit and thermal shutdown protection improves design reliability.

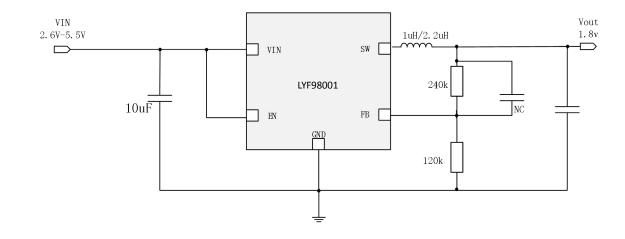
The LYF98001 is available in SOT23-5.

### 2 Features

- High efficiency: up to 97%
- Up to 1.5A Max output current
- 2MHz switching frequency
- Low dropout 100% duty operation
- Internal compensation and soft-start
- Current mode control
- Reference 0.6V
- Logic control shutdown (I<sub>Q</sub><1uA)
- Thermal shutdown, UVLO
- Available in SOT23-5

## **3 Applications**

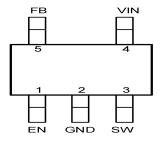
- Cellular phones
- Digital cameras
- MP3 and MP4 players
- Set top boxes
- Wireless and DSL modems
- USB supplied devices in notebooks
- Portable devices



## 4 Typical Application



# 5 Pin Out & Marking



SOT23-5

## **6** Pin Description

NAME	PIN #		DECONDIAN			
	SOT23-5 DFN1.6x1.6-6		DESCRIPTION			
EN	1	5	Enable pin for the IC. Drive the pin to high to enable the part, and low to disable			
GND	2	2	Ground			
SW	3	4	Inductor connection. Connect an inductor between SW and the regulator output.			
VIN	4	3	Supply voltage.			
FB	5	1	Feedback input. Connect an external resistor divider from the output to FB and GND to set the output to a voltage between 0.6V and Vin			
NC	-	6	No connection			

## 7 Ordering Information

Order Information	Label Part NO.	Package	Package Qty	Top Marking	
LYF98001	LYF98001S25	SOT23-5	3000pcs/reel	98001 YMDX	

**98001:** Part Number **YMDX:** Package Date Code



# 8 Absolute Maximum Rating

Parameter	Value			
Max input voltage	8V			
Max operating junction temperature(T <sub>J</sub> )	125°C			
Ambient temperature(T <sub>A</sub> )	-40°C – 85°C			
Maximum power dissipation	400mW			
Storage temperature(Ts)	-40°C - 150°C			
Lead temperature & time	260°C, 10S			
ESD (HBM)	>2000V			

**Note:** Exceed these limits to damage to the device. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions may affect device reliability



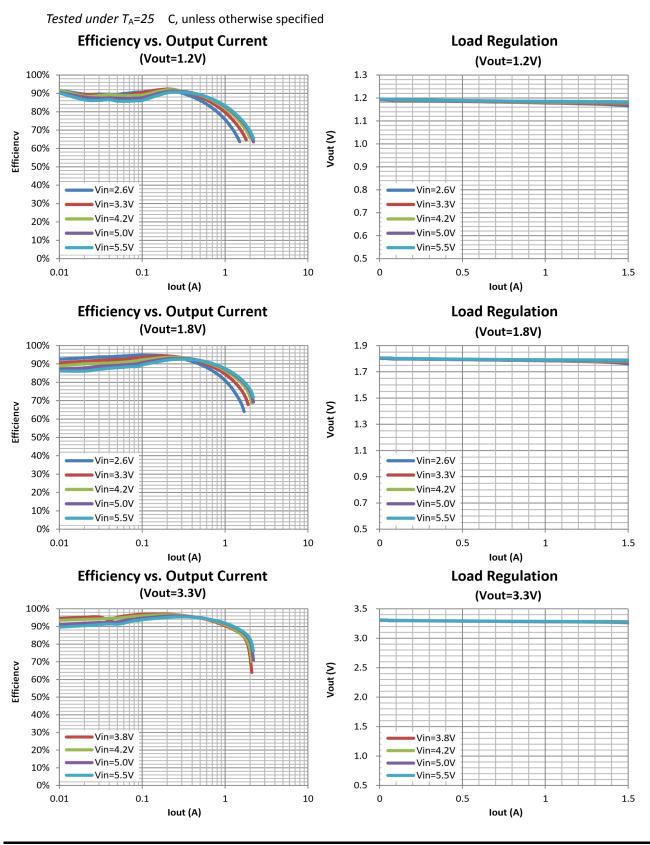
## **9 Electrical Characteristics**

(V<sub>IN</sub>=5V, T<sub>A</sub>=25 C, unless otherwise specified.)

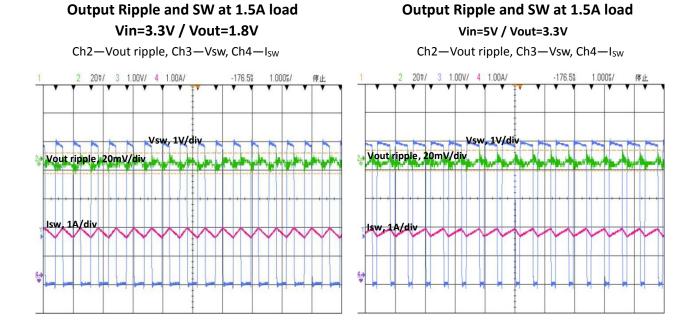
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Vin	Input voltage range		2.6		5.5	V
Vovp	Input over voltage threshold			6.1	6.5	V
VREF	Feedback voltage	Vin=5V	0.588	0.6	0.612	V
la	Quiescent current	Active, V <sub>FB</sub> =0.65, No Switching		55		uA
Ігв	Feedback leakage current			0.1	1	uA
Ishutdown	Shutdown input current	EN=0V			1	uA
Iswlk	SW leakage current	VIN=6V, V <sub>SW</sub> =0 or 6V, EN=0V			1	uA
Ienlk	EN leakage current				1	uA
LNR	Line regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> =2.6V to 5.5V		0.1	0.2	%/V
LDR	Load regulation	I <sub>OUT</sub> =0.01 to 1A		0.1	0.2	%/A
Fsoc	Switching frequency			2		MHz
Rdson_p	PMOS Rdson			250	350	mΩ
Rdson_n	NMOS Rdson			150	250	mΩ
Vuvlo	Under voltage lockout		1.9	2.1	2.3	V
Vuvlo_hy	UVLO hysteresis			100		mV
Ілміт	Peak current limit			2.3		A
VH_EN	EN input high voltage		1.2			V
VL_EN	EN input low voltage				0.5	V
Tsd	Thermal shutdown temp			160		°C
Тѕн	Thermal shutdown hysteresis			15		°C



## **10 Electrical Performance**

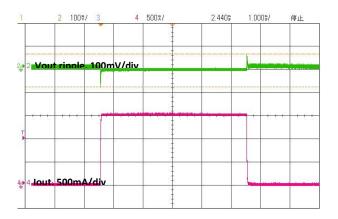


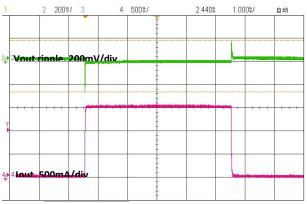




### Load Transient Vin=5V / Vout=1.2V / Iout=0.01~1.5A Ch2—Vout ripple, Ch4—Iout

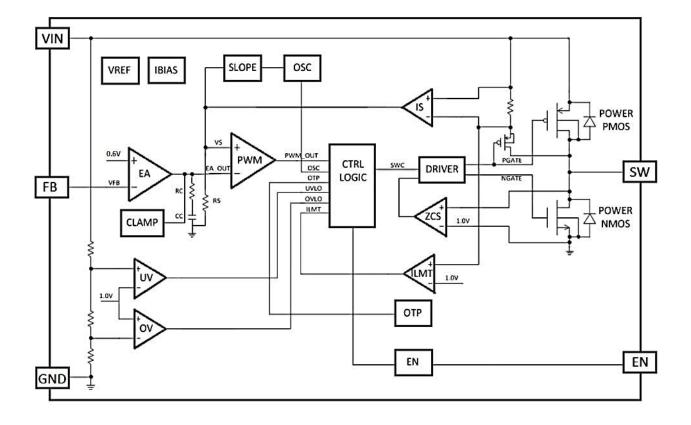
#### Load Transient Vin=5V / Vout=3.3V / Iout=0.01~1.5A Ch2—Vout ripple, Ch4—Iout







# 11 Block diagram





## **12 Detailed Description**

The LYF98001 high-efficiency switching regulator is a small, simple, DC-to-DC step-down converter capable of delivering up to 1.5A of output current. The device operates in pulse-width modulation (PWM) at 2MHz from a 2.6V to 5.5V input voltage and provides an output voltage from 0.6V to VIN, making the LYF98001 ideal for on-board postregulation applications. An internal synchronous rectifier improves efficiency and eliminates the typical Schottky free-wheeling diode. Using the on resistance of the internal high-side MOSFET to sense switching currents eliminates current-sense resistors, further improving efficiency and cost.

### 12.1 Loop operation

LYF98001 uses a PWM current-mode control scheme. An open-loop comparator compares the integrated voltage-feedback signal against the sum of the amplified current-sense signal and the slope compensation ramp. At each rising edge of the internal clock, the internal high-side MOSFET turns on until the PWM comparator terminates the on cycle. During this on-time, current ramps up through the inductor, sourcing current to the output and storing energy in the inductor. The current mode feedback system regulates the peak inductor current as a function of the output voltage error signal. During the off cycle, the internal high-side P-channel MOSFET turns off, and the internal low-side N-channel MOSFET turns on. The inductor releases the stored energy as its current ramps down while still providing current to the output.

### 12.2 Current sense

An internal current-sense amplifier senses the current through the high-side MOSFET during on time and produces a proportional current signal, which is used to sum with the slope compensation signal. The summed signal then is compared with the error amplifier output by the PWM comparator to terminate the on cycle.

### 12.3 Current limit

There is a cycle-by-cycle current limit on the high side MOSFET of 2.3A (typ). When the current flowing out of SW exceeds this limit, the high-side MOSFET turns off and the synchronous rectifier turns on. LYF98001 utilizes a frequency fold-back mode to prevent overheating during short-circuit output conditions. The device enters frequency fold-back mode when the FB voltage drops below 100mV, limiting the current to 2.3A (typ) and reducing power dissipation. Normal operation resumes upon removal of the short-circuit condition.



### 12.4 Soft-start

LYF98001 has an internal soft-start circuitry to reduce supply inrush current during startup conditions. When the device exits under-voltage lockout (UVLO), shutdown mode, or restarts following a thermal shutdown event, the soft-start circuitry slowly ramps up current available at SW.

### 12.5 UVLO

If VIN drops below 2.1V, the UVLO circuit inhibits switching. Once VIN rises above 2.2V, the UVLO clears, and the soft-start sequence activates.

#### 12.6 Thermal shutdown

Thermal shutdown protection limits total power dissipation in the device. When the junction temperature exceeds  $T_J$ = +160°C, a thermal sensor forces the device into shutdown, allowing the die to cool. The thermal sensor turns the device on again after the junction temperature cools by 15°C, resulting in a pulsed output during continuous overload conditions. Following a thermal-shutdown condition, the soft-start sequence begins.



### **13 Design Procedure**

### **13.1 Setting output voltages**

Output voltages are set by external resistors. The FB threshold is 0.6V.

$$R_{TOP} = R_{BOTTOM} \times \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{0.6} - 1\right)$$

### 13.2 Input capacitor selection

The input capacitor in a DC-to-DC converter reduces current peaks drawn from the battery or other input power source and reduces switching noise in the controller. The impedance of the input capacitor at the switching frequency should be less than that of the input source so high-frequency switching currents do not pass through the input source. The output capacitor keeps output ripple small and ensures control-loop stability. The output capacitor must also have low impedance at the switching frequency. Ceramic, polymer, and tantalum capacitors are suitable, with ceramic exhibiting the lowest ESR and high-frequency impedance. Output ripple with a ceramic output capacitor is approximately as follows:

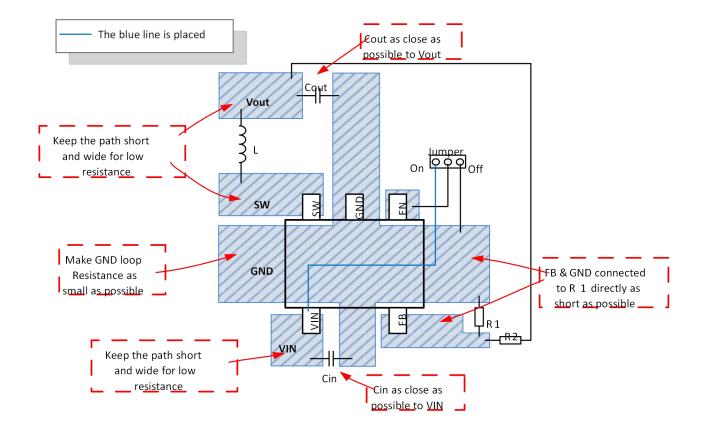
$$\Delta I_L = \frac{V_{OUT}}{L \times f_S} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$
$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{8 \times f_S^2 \times L \times C_{OUT}} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right)$$

If the capacitor has significant ESR, the output ripple component due to capacitor ESR is as follows:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} = \frac{V_{OUT}}{f_S \times L} \times \left(1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}}\right) \times R_{ESR}$$

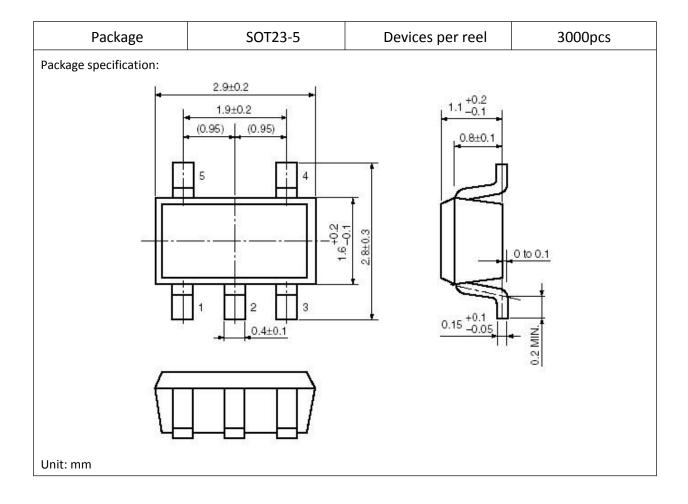


# 14 Layout Guide





# 15 Package Outline





# 16 Version Control

版本	日期	撰写	页数	说明
Rev.1.0	2022-03-10	Victor	13	首次发布